Introduced	by:	<u>Re</u>	3,	Grant,	Laing
		Ower	1		

Proposed No. 81-748

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ORDINANCE NO. 5735

AN ORDINANCE making an appropriation of \$2,609,375 to the Building Modernization Construction Fund from proceeds of a Limited General Obligation Bond issue and from unappropriated Current Expense Fund balance for the purpose of constructing District Court buildings, amending and revising Ordinance No. 5232, Section 73, Attachment No. 1, as amended, and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. An amount of \$359,375 is hereby appropriated from unappropriated Current Expense Fund balance to Department 69, to be transferred to the Building Modernizatiom Construction Fund for site acquisition for the Northeast District Court Building, Capital Improvement Project No. 002078.

SECTION 2. An amount of \$1,402,100 is hereby appropriated to the Building Modernization Construction Fund from proceeds of a Limited General Obligation Bond; to be used for the Northeast District Court Building, Capital Improvement Project No. 002078 and Surrey Downs Remodeling, Capital Improvement Project No. 002077.

SECTION 3. Capital Improvement Project No. 002072, Northeast District Court, is hereby cancelled.

SECTION 4. An amount of \$847,900 is hereby appropriated to the Building Modernization Construction Fund from proceeds of a Limited General Obligation Bond; to be used for property acquisition and construction of a court building for the Renton Justice Court District, Capital Improvement Project No. 002076.

SECTION 5. Ordinance No. 5232, Section 73, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Building Modernization Construction Fund

(-(\$447-338+)

\$3,056,713

II	
hereby amended to read as follo	ows:
Fund transfers (+61	\$10,449,533
SECTION 7. The County Co	ouncil finds as a fact and declares
	at this ordinance is necessary for
	oublic peace, health or safety or
for the support of County gover	
institutions.	
INTRODUCED AND READ for t	the first time this 26th
day of October,	
PASSED this 26th	day of October , 198
	KING COUNTY COUNCIL
	KINE COUNTY, WASHINGTON
	( 1/1 Markey
	Ghairman
ATTEST:	
7 (	
DEPUTY Clerk of the Council	
DEPUTY Clerk of the Council  APPROVED this	day of,198
	day of,198
	day of,198

 Proposed Ordinance No. 81 - 377

ORDINANCE NO. '

AN ORDINANCE relating to Shoreline Management, revising section on shoreline setbacks, shoreline protection, excavation, dredging and filling, shoreline permit fees, nonconforming uses, and amending Ordinance 3688, Section 409(1), 409(2), 409(6), 413, 414, 509, 514, 609, 613, 614, 709, 714, 803, 806, 809, 813, Ordinance 5061, Sections 4, 5, and K.C.C. 25.16.090, 25.16.100, 25.16.140, 25.16.180, 25.16.190, 25.20.090, 25.20.140, 25.24.090, 25.24.130, 25.24.140, 25.28.090, 25.28.140, 25.32.030, 25.32.040, 25.32.060, 25.32.130, and adding definitions to KCC 25.08.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. Definitions. There are added four new definitions to KCC Chapter 25.08.

- A. <u>DREDGING</u>. "Dredging" is the removal, displacement, and/or disposal of unconsolidated earth material such as sand, silt, gravel, or other submerged materials, from the bottom of water bodies, ditches, or natural wetlands; maintenance dredging and/or support activities are included in this definition.
- B. <u>END HAUL CONSTRUCTION</u>. "End haul construction" means the transportation of excess excavation material along the road surface to construct a road of balanced volumes of cut and fill.
- C. <u>STRINGER BRIDGE</u>. A "stringer bridge" is a bridge constructed of lengths of timber supporting a number of smaller transverse members.
- D. MANAGER. "Manager" means the manager of the Building and Land Development Division or his authorized designee.

SECTION 2. Ordinance 3688, Section 409(1) and KCC 25.16.090 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Residential Development - Multifamily. Multifamily residential development may be permitted in the urban environment subject to the general requirements (((Section)) of

KCC 25.16.030(() ef-this-chapter)), provided:

 $((\{a\}))$  <u>A.</u> Multifamily development is permitted in the underlying zone;

- $((\{b\}))$  <u>B.</u> Multifamily residential development shall not be permitted waterward of the ordinary high water mark;
- ((6-)--Multifamily-development-shall-maintain-a-sherelinesetbeck-of-fifty-(50)-feet-from-either-the-ordinary-high-water mark-or-from-the-upland-edge-of-the-floodway-or-from-the-upland edge-of-ereas-of-steep-slopey-slide-hazard-or-unstable-soilsy whichever-is-greatery))
- (((c+))) C. Setbacks. Multifamily residential development shall maintain a minimum setback of fifty feet from the ordinary high water mark, except that:
- 1. If the minimum setback from the ordinary high water mark of a river or stream falls within the floodway, the development shall be required to locate past the upland edge of the floodway,
- 2. If development is proposed on shorelines, including one or more sensitive areas, as defined in K.C.C 21.04, such development shall be done in accordance with regulations and procedures set forth in K.C.C 21.54.140 21.54.180,

SECTION 3. Ordinance 5G61, Section 4, Ordinance 3688, Section 409(2), and KCC 25.16.100 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Residential Development - Single Family. Single-family residential development may be permitted in the urban environment subject to the general requirements (((Seetien))) of K.C.C. 25.16.030 (((-ef-this-shapter))), provided:

- $((\{a\}))$  <u>A</u>. Single-family development is permitted in the underlying zone classification:
- $((\{b\}))$  B. Single-family development, including floating homes, shall not be permitted waterward of the ordinary high water mark;

- (((c) single-family-development-shall-maintain-a-shereline-setback-of-twenty-(20)-feet-from-either-the-ordinary-high-water-mark-or-from-the-upland-edge-of-the-floodway-or-from-the-uplandedge-of-areas-of-steep-slope,-slide-hazard-or-unstable-soils, whichever-is-greater,))
- C. Setbacks. Single-family residential development shall maintain a minimum setback of twenty feet from the ordinary high water mark, except that:
- 1. If the minimum setback from the ordinary high water mark of a river or stream falls within the floodway, the development shall be required to locate past the upland edge of the floodway,
- 2. If development is proposed on shorelines, including one or more sensitive areas, as defined in K.C.C. 21.04, such development shall be done in accordance with regulations and procedures set forth in K.C.C. 21.54.140 through 21.54.180,
- ((d))  $\underline{D}$ . A farmhouse permitted under ((Sestien)) K.C.C. 21.54.050 shall be exempt from the setback requirements of this Section.

SECTION 4. Ordinance 3688, Section 409(6) and KCC 25.16.140 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Residential Development - Piers, Monrages, ((and)) or Launching Facilities - Accessory to single-family residences.

Piers, moorages, floats ((and)) or launching facilities may be permitted accessory to a single-family residence, provided:

- (({a})) A. Private, single residence piers for the sole use of the property owner shall not be considered an outright use on King County shorelines. A pier may be allowed when the applicant has demonstrated a need for moorage and that the following alternatives have been investigated and are not available or feasible:
  - (((1))) 1. Commercial or marina moorage,
  - (((2))) 2. Floating moorage buoys,

(((3))) 3. Joint use moorage pier;

- $((\{b\}))$  B. No more than one pier for each residence is permitted;
- (((e))) <u>C.</u> On lots with less than fifty feet of waterfront only joint use piers shall be permitted except when both lots abutting the subject lot have legally established piers then the lot with less than fifty feet of waterfront may be permitted an individual pier;
- (((d))) D. The maximum waterward intrusion of any portion of any pier shall be eighty feet, or the point where the water depth is thirteen feet below the ordinary high water mark, whichever is reached first:
- (((e))) E. The total surface area of piers, moorages, floats and/or launching facilities, or any combination thereof, shall not exceed six-hundred square feet, provided that, no float shall have more than one-hundred-fifty square feet of surface area:
- $((\{f\}))$  <u>F.</u> Moorage piles are limited by the following conditions:
- $((\{1\}))$  <u>1.</u> All piles shall be placed so as to not constitute a hazard to navigation,
- $((\{2\}))$  2. No pile shall be placed more than eighty feet waterward of the ordinary high water mark.
- ((43))) 3. All moorages piles shall be placed in a water depth not to exceed thirteen feet below the ordinary high water mark,
- ((44)) 4. No more than two moorage piles per residence are permitted;
- (((g))) G. Launching ramps and lift stations are limited by the following conditions:
- $((\{1\}))$  1. No portion of a launching ramp or lift station shall be placed more than sixty feet waterward of the ordinary high water mark;

- ((42))) 2. All portions of a launching ramp or lift station shall be placed at a depth not to exceed eight feet below the ordinary high water mark,
- (((43))) 3. Launching rails shall be anchored to the ground with the use of tie-type construction. Asphalt or concrete ramps or other ramps which solidly cover the water-body bottom are not permitted,
- ((44))) 4. No more than one launching rail per single-family residence is permitted;
  - ((4h))) H. Floats are limited by the following conditions:
    - (((1))) 1. One float per residence is permitted,
- ((42)) 2. No portion of a float shall be placed more than eighty feet waterward of the ordinary high water mark,
- $((\{3\}))$  3. Retrieval lines shall not float at or near the surface of the water,
- ((44)) 4. No float shall have more than one-hundred-fifty square feet of surface area;
- (((i))) I. Excavated moorage slips are limited by the following conditions:
  - $((\{1\}))$  1. One moorage slip per residence is permitted,
- (((2))) 2. No moorage slip shall be excavated more than six feet below the ordinary high water mark,
- ((43)) 3. No moorage slip shall have more than five-hundred-twenty-five square feet of surface area as measured from the tops of the banks and the ordinary high water mark;
- $((\{i\}))$  <u>J.</u> A residence may have either a pier or an excavated moorage slip, but not both;
- $\underline{\mathsf{K.}}$  No excavated moorage slips shall be permitted on the Sammamish River.
- SECTION 5. Ordinance 3688, Section 413 and KCC 25.16.180 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
- Shoreline Protection. Shoreline protection may be permitted in the urban environment, provided:

 (((a)-Shereline-protection-to-replace-existing shereline-protection-shall-not-be-located-farther-waterward-than-the-shereline-protection-it-is-replacing-))

A. Shoreline protection to replace existing shoreline protection shall be placed along the same alignment as the shoreline protection it is replacing, but may be placed waterward directly abutting the old structure in cases where removal of the old structure would result in construction problems;

((b)-On-lets-where-the-directly-abutting-lets-have legally-established-shereline-protection,-shereline-protection may-be-installed-no-further-waterward-than-is-necessary-te-tie in-with-the-shereline-protection-on-the-abutting-lets-))

B. On lots where the abutting lots on both sides have legally established bulkheads, a bulkhead may be installed no further waterward than the bulkheads on the abutting lots, provided that the horizontal distance between existing bulkheads on adjoining lots does not exceed one-hundred feet. The manager may, upon review, permit a bulkhead to connect two directly adjoining bulkheads, for a distance up to one-hundred-fifty feet. In making such a determination the manager shall consider the amount of inter-tidal land/or water bottom to be covered, the existence of fish or shellfish resources thereon, and whether the proposed use or structure could be accommodated by other configurations of bulkhead which would result in less loss of shoreland, tideland, or water bottom;

(((e)-A-bulkhead,-the-tee-ef-which-is-lecated-below-the erdinary-high-water-mark,-may-net-be-considered-te-be-a-normal protective-bulkhead-common-te-a-single-family-residence-unless it-is-replacing-an-existing-bulkhead-consistent-with-subsection (a)-ef-this-section-er-it-is-necessary-te-place-it-below-the-erdinary-high-water-mark-consistent-with-subsection-(b)-ef-this section.))

- C. In order for a proposed bulkhead to qualify for the RCW 90.58.030(3) (e) (iii) exemption from the shoreline permit requirements and to insure that such bulkheads will be consistent with this program as required by RCW 90.58.141(1), the Building and Land Development Division shall review the proposed design as it relates to local physical conditions and the King County shoreline master program and must find that:
- 1. Erosion from waves or currents is imminently threatening a legally established residence or one or more substantial accessory structures, and
- 2. The proposed bulkhead is more consistent with the King County shoreline master program in protecting the site and adjoining shorelines than feasible, Non-structural alternatives such as slope drainage systems, vegetative growth stabilization, gravel berms and beach nourishment, are not feasible or will not adequately protect a legally established residence or substantial accessory structure, and
- 3. The proposed bulkhead is located landward of the ordinary high water mark or it connects to adjacent, legally established bulkheads as in subsection (B) above, and
- 4. The maximum height of the proposed bulkhead is no more than one foot above the elevation of extreme high water on tidal waters as determined by the National Ocean Survey published by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or four feet in height on lakes;
- (((d))) <u>C.</u> Shoreline protection shall not be considered an outright permitted use and shall be permitted only when it has been demonstrated that shoreline protection is necessary for the protection of existing legally established structures and public improvements or the preservation of important agricultural lands as designated by the Office of Agriculture;
- $((\{e\}))$  E. Shoreline protection shall not have adverse impact on the property of others;

- $((\{f\}))$  <u>F.</u> Shoreline protection shall not be used to create new lands, except that groins may be used to create a public Class I beach if they comply with all other conditions of this section;
- $((\{g\}))$  <u>G.</u> Shoreline protection shall not significantly interfere with normal surface and/or subsurface drainage into the water body;
- $((\{h\}))$  <u>H.</u> Automobile bodies or other junk or waste material which may release undesirable material shall not be used for shoreline protection;
- ((41)) <u>I</u>. Shoreline protection shall be designed so as to not constitute a hazard to navigation and to not substantially interfere with visual access to the water;
- $((\{i\}))$  <u>J.</u> Shoreline protection shall be designed so as to not create a need for shoreline protection elsewhere;
- K. Bulkheads on Class I beaches shall be located no farther waterward than the bluff or bank line;
- L. Bulkheads must be approved by the Washington State
  Department of Fisheries;
- M. Bulkheads shall be constructed using an approved filter cloth or other suitable means to allow passage of surface and groundwater without internal erosion of fine material:
- N. Groins are permitted only as part of a professionally designed community or public beach management program.
- SECTION 6. Ordinance 3688, Section 414 and KCC 25.16.190 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
- ((Filling-and-Excavation,)) Excavation, Dredging and Filling. ((Filling-and-excavation)) Excavation, dredging and filling may be permitted in the urban environment, only as part of an approved overall development plan not as an independent activity provided: (((a))) A. Any fill or excavation regardless of size, shall be subject to the provisions of ((Section)) K.C.C. 16.82.100;

- (((b))) B. Landfill may be permitted below the ordinary high water mark only when necessary for the operation of a water dependent or water related use, or when necessary to mitigate conditions which endanger public safety;
- $((\{e\}))$  C. Landfill or excavations shall be permitted only when technical information demonstrates water circulation, littoral drift, aquatic line and water quality will not be substantially impaired;
- $((\{d\}))$  D. Landfill or disposal of dredged material shall be prohibited within the floodway;
- (((e)-Landfill-shall-net-be-permitted-in-marshes,-begs-er-swamps.))
- E. Wetlands such as marshes, swamps, and bogs shall not be disturbed or altered through excavation, filling, dredging, or disposal of dredged material unless the manager determines that either:
- 1. The wetland does not serve any of the valuable functions of wetlands identified in K.C.C. 20.12.080 and U.S.

  Army Corps of Engineers 33 CFR 320.4(b), including but not limited to wildlife habitat and natural drainage functions, or
- 2. The proposed development would preserve or enhance the wildlife habitat, natural drainage, and/or other valuable functions of wetlands as discussed in K.C.C. 20.12.080 or U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 33 CFR 320.4(b) and would be consistent with the purposes of this Title;
- $((\{f\}))$  <u>F.</u> Class I beaches shall not be covered by landfill except for <u>approved</u> beach feeding <u>programs</u>;
- G. Excavations on beaches shall include precautions to prevent the migration of fine grain sediments, disturbed by the excavation, onto adjacent beach areas and excavations on beaches shall be backfilled promptly using material of similar composition and similar or more coarse grain size;
  - $((\{g\}))$  H. No refuse disposal sites, solid waste disposal

sites, or sanitary fills of putrescible or non-putrescible material shall be permitted within the shorelines of the state;

- ((fh))) I. Excavation or dredging below the ordinary high water mark shall be permitted only when necessary for the operation of a water dependent or water related use, or when necessary to mitigate conditions which endanger public safety or fisheries resources; provided, that this paragraph shall not be construed to permit the mining or quarrying of any substance below the ordinary high water mark;
- J. Disposal of dredged material shall be done only in approved deep water disposal sites or approved contained upland disposal sites;
- K. Stockpiling of dredged material in or under water is prohibited;
- L. Maintenance dredging not requiring a shoreline permit(s) shall conform to the requirements of this Section;
- M. Dredging shall be timed so that it does not interfere with aquatic life;
- N. The County may impose reasonable conditions on dredging or disposal operations including but not limited to working seasons and provision of buffer strips, including retention or replacement of existing vegetation, dikes, and settling basins to protect the public safety and shore users' lawful interests from unnecessary adverse impact;
- O. In order to insure that operations involving dredged material disposal and maintenance dredging are consistent with this program as required by RCW 90.58.140(1), no dredging may commence on shorelines without the responsible person having first obtained either a substantial development permit or a statement of exemption; PROVIDED, that no statement of exemption or shoreline permit is required for emergency dredging needed to protect property from imminent damage by the elements;
  - P. Operation and maintenance of any existing system of

ditches, canals, or drains, or construction of irrigation reservoirs, for agricultural purposes are exempt from the shoreline permit requirement.

SECTION 7. Ordinance 3688, Section 509 and KCC 25.20.090 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Residential Development. (((a))) A. Multifamily residential development may be permitted in the rural environment subject to the general requirements (((Seetien))) of K.C.C. 25.20.030(()-ef this-ehaptef)) and the residential provisions (((Seetiens))) of K.C.C. 25.16.090 through 25.16.140(())) of the urban environment; provided, that multifamily development shall maintain ((a-shereline-setback-ef-seventy-five-feet-frem-either-the-erdinary-high-water-mark-er-frem-the-upland-edge-ef-the-fleedway-er-frem-the-edge-ef-areas-ef-steep-slepes,-elide-hazard er-unstable-seils,-whichever-is-greater,)) a minimum setback of seventy-five feet from the ordinary high water mark, except that:

- 1. If the minimum setback from the ordinary high water mark of a river or stream falls within the floodway, the development shall be required to locate past the upland edge of the floodway,
- 2. If development is proposed on shorelines, including une or more sensitive areas, as defined in K.C.C. 21.04 such development shall be done in accordance with regulations and procedures set forth in K.C.C. 21.54.140 through 21.54.180,
- (((4b))) <u>B.</u> Single-family residential development may be permitted in the rural environment subject to the general requirements (((Seetien))) of K.C.C. 25.20.030(()-ef-this shapter)) and the residential provisions (((Seetiens))) of K.C.C. 25.16.090 through 25.16.140(())) of the urban environment.
- $((\{e\}))$  <u>C.</u> Any pier, moorage, float or launching facility permitted accessory to single or multifamily development or common use facility accessory to a subdivision, short subdivision or planned unit development in the rural environment

shall be subject to the residential pier, moorages, float or launching facility provisions of the urban environment.

SECTION 8. Ordinance 3688, Section 514 and KCC 25.20.140 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

((Filling-and-Excavation+)) Excavation, Dredging and Filling. ((Filling-and-excavation)) Excavation, dredging and filling may be permitted in the rural environment subject to the ((fill-and-excavation)) provisions of ((Section+))) K.C.C.

25.16.190((+)) of the urban environment provided: ((+1+)) A. ((fill-ex-excavation)) Excavation, dredging and filling below the ordinary high water mark shall be permitted only to serve a water dependent use or when necessary to mitigate conditions which endanger public safety or fisheries resources;

 $((\{2\}))$  B. Channelizing, straightening or relocating rivers or streams shall not be permitted.

SECTION 9. Ordinance 5061, Section 5, Ordinance 3688, Section 609, and KCC 25.24.090 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Residential Development. (((a))) A. Multifamily development is prohibited in the conservancy environment, except that the clustering of dwelling units into multifamily development may be permitted to avoid development of sensitive or hazardous areas such as marshes, swamps, bogs, floodplains, or steep or unstable slopes; provided, that the density standards enumerated in ((Seetien)) K.C.C. 25.24.100 shall not be exceeded. This provision is not intended to promote intensive development in the conservancy environment. The intent of this provision is to permit development which would have less adverse impact on sensitive or hazardous areas than traditional lot by lot development.

 $((\{b\}))$  <u>B.</u> Single-family residential development may be permitted in the conservancy environment subject to the general requirements of this chapter and the single-family provisions

(((Seetiens))) K.C.C. 25.16.090 through 25.16.140(())) of the urban environment ((,)) . ((previded;-singlefamily-development shall-maintain-a-shereline-setback-ef-fifty-feet-frem-the erdinary-high-water-mark-ef-frem-the-upland-edge-ef-the-fleedway er-frem-the-edge-ef-areas-ef-steep-slepes;-slide-hazard-er unstable-seile;-whichever-is-greater---A-farmheuse-permitted under-Section-21-54-050-shall-be-exempt-frem-the-setback requirements-ef-this-section.)) Single-family residential development shall maintain a minimum setback of fifty feet from the ordinary high water mark, except that:

- 1. If the minimum sethack from the ordinary high water mark of a river or stream falls within the floodway, the development shall be required to located past the upland edge of the floodway,
- 2. If development is proposed on shorelines, including one or more sensitive areas, as defined in K.C.C. 21.04, such development shall be done in accordance with regulations and procedures set forth in K.C.C 21.54.140 21.54.180,
- 3. A farmhouse permitted under K.C.C. 21.54.050 shall be exempt from the setback requirements of this section.

(((4e))) <u>C.</u> Any pier, moorage, float or launching facility permitted accessory to single-family development or common use facility accessory to subdivision, short subdivision or planned unit development in the conservancy environment shall be subject to the pier, moorage, float and launching facility provisions (((Sestions)) <u>K.C.C.</u> 25.16.090 through 25.16.140(())) of the urban environment; provided, no such authorized structure shall be located within two-hundred feet of any other such structure.

SECTION 10. Ordinance 3688, Section 613 and KCC 25.24.130 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Shoreline protection. (((a)-Shereline-Pretection-may-be permitted-in-Genservancy-Environment-only-te-protect:

(1)--public-improvements

- (2)--Class-FF-er-FFF-seils-ery-lands-in-agricultural-use
- (3)--legally-constructed-residences
- (4)--legally-constructed-substantial-accessory structures))
- A. Shoreline protection may be permitted in the conservancy environment, subject to the shoreline protection provisions (K.C.C. 25.16.180) of the urban environment.
  - (((b))) B. Breakwaters shall not be permitted.

SECTION 11. Ordinance 3688, Section 614 and KCC 25.24.140 are each hereby amended as follows:

((Filling-and-Excavation)) Excavation, Dredging and Filling. ((Filling-and-excavation)) Excavation, dredging and filling may be permitted in the conservancy environment, subject to the ((filling-and-excavation)) excavation, dredging, and filling provisions (((Section))) K.C.C. 25.16.190(())) of the

urban environment provided: (((a))) A. ((fill-ef-excavation))

Excavation, dredging, or filling below the ordinary water mark shall be permitted only to mitigate conditions which endanger public safety or fisheries resources;

- ((4b)) <u>B.</u> Channelizing, straightening or relocating rivers or streams shall not be permitted;
- ((4e)) C. Excavation or dredging or marshes, swamps or bogs shall not be permitted.

SECTION 12. Ordinance 3688, Section 709 and KCC 25.28.090 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Residential Development. (( $\{a\}$ )) <u>A.</u> Multifamily and accessory development is prohibited in the natural environment

(((b))) B. Single-family residential development may be permitted in the natural environment subject to the general requirements (((Section-25-28-030)-ef-this-chapter)) of K.C.C. 25.28.030 and the single family provisions (((Sections))) K.C.C. 25.16.090 through 25.16.140(())) of the urban environment;

provided, ((single-family-residences-shall-maintain-a-shereline setback-of-one-hundred-feet-from-the-ordinary-high-water-mark-or from-the-upland-edge-of-the-floodway-or-from-the-edge-of-areas of-steep-slopes,-slide-hazard-or-unstable-soils,-whichever-is greater+))

single-family residential development shall maintain a minimum setback of one-hundred feet from the ordinary high water mark, except that:

- 1. If the minimum setback from the ordinary high water mark of a river or stream falls within the floodway, the development shall be required to locate past the upland edge of the floodway.
- 2. If development is proposed on shorelines, including one or more sensitive areas, as defined in K.C.C. 21.04, such development shall be done in accordance with regulations and procedures set forth in K.C.C. 21.54.104 through 21.54.180.

 $((\{e\}))$  C. Piers, moorages, floats or launching facilities accessory to single-family development shall not be permitted in the natural environment.

SECTION 13. Ordinance 3688, Section 714 and KCC 25.28.140 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

((Filling-and-Exeavation,)) Excavation, Dredging and Filling. ((Filling-and-exeavation)) Excavation, dredging, and filling may be permitted in the natural environment subject to the ((filling-and-exeavation)) provisions (((Seetion))) K.C.C. 25.16.190(())) of the urban environment, provided: (((1))) A. ((fill-er-exeavation)) Excavation, dredging, or filling below the ordinary high water mark shall be permitted only to mitigate conditions which endanger public safety or fisheries resources;

 $((\{b\}))$  <u>B.</u> Fill or excavation above the ordinary high water mark shall be permitted only to the extent permitted and necessary to construct development allowed in the natural environment;

  $(\{e\})$  <u>C.</u> Channelizing, straightening or relocating rivers or streams shall not be permitted;

 $(\{d\})$  D. Excavation or dredging or marshes, swamps or bogs shall not be permitted.

SECTION 14. Ordinance 3688, Section 803 and KCC 25.32.030 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Permits - Application - Fee - Notice - Burden of proof of compliance. ((a)) A. Applications for substantial development permits, on forms prescribed by the director, shall be made with the director by the property owner, or by an authorized agent of the owner. Incomplete applications will be held for a period of ninety days to allow the applicant to supply the required additional information. Incomplete applications shall be void after ninety days, unless the applicant requests in writing an extension for the purposes of supplying the required additional information.

((b)--A-fee-in-the-amount-of-one-hundred-dollars-shall-be-paid-at-the-time-an-application-is-submitted-fur-proposed
development-with-an-estimated-total-cest-of-luss-than-onehundred-thousand-dollars---A-fee-in-the-amount-of-two-hundred
fifty-dollars-shall-be-paid-for-proposed-development-with-an
estimated-total-cest-of-one-hundred-thousand-dollars-or-more-

A-fee-in-the-amount-of-one-hundred-dellars-chall-be-paid upon-request-for-an-extension-of-a-permit))
provided,-no-fee-shall-be-required-for-King-County-spensored projects+))

- B. The fee which shall accompany an application for a substantial development permit or a request for extension of a permit shall be as adopted by ordinance.
- (+e+) C. Upon receipt of proper application, the director shall instruct the applicant to publish notices of the application at least once a week on the same day of the week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation

within the county. The director may also require publication through other appropriate newspapers and information media. Within thirty days of the last publication of such notice (as used hereinafter, this term shall mean the last publication of such notice in the newspaper of general circulation within the county), any interested person may submit their views on the application in writing or may notify the director of their desire to be notified of the action taken by the director. All published notices of applications shall be in a form satisfactory to the director. Notices of application shall not be published prior  $t\vartheta$  the actual submission of the application to the director. Affidavits of publication shall be transmitted to the director within seven days of their final publication. In addition, notice of the application for a shoreline development management substantial development permit shall be given as follows:

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 $((\{1\}))$  1. The department will notify by mail the owners of property within three hundred feet of the project site,

 $((\{2\}))$  2. For utility lines, linear recreation facilities such as trails and other developments of unusual size or configuration, the department may substitute other appropriate notification for the method set forth above,

 $((\{a\}))$  D. The burden of proving that the proposed development is consistent with the criteria set forth in ((Sestiens)) K.C.C. 25.04.030 and K.C.C. 25.32.010 ((ef-this Title)) shall be on the applicant.

SECTION 15. Ordinance 3688, Section 804 and KCC 25.32.040 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Permits - Variance.  $((\{a\}))$  <u>A.</u> .The director is authorized to grant a variance from the performance standards of this master program only under the conditions enumerated WAC 173-14-150 (Review Criteria For Variances).

((( $\{b\}$ )) B. A variance from county zoning code requirements

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> 29<sup>°</sup>

shall not be construed to mean a variance from shoreline master program use regulations and vice versa.

 $((\{e\}))$  C. Shoreline variances may not be used to permit a use that is specifically prohibited in an environment designation.

 $((\{d\}))$  <u>D.</u> The burden of proving that a proposed variance meets these conditions shall be on the applicant; absence of such proof shall be grounds for denial of the application.

E. The fee which shall accompany an application for a shoreline variance shall be as adopted by ordinance.

SECTION 16. Ordinance 3688, Section 806 and KCC 25.32.060 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Alteration or Reconstruction of Nonconforming Use or Development.  $((\{a\}))$  A. Applications for substantial development or building permits to modify a nonconforming use or development may be approved only if:

 $((\{1\}))$  1. The modifications will make the use or development less nonconforming, or

(((2))) 2. The modifications will not make the use or development more nonconforming.

B. A use or development, not conforming to existing regulations, which is destroyed, deteriorated, or damaged more than fifty percent of its fair market value at present or at the time of its destruction by fire, explosion, or other casualty or act of God, may be reconstructed only insofar as it is consistent with existing regulations.

 $((\{b\}))$  C. The review of the applications for the modification of a nonconforming use or development shall be subject to the guidelines enumerated in ((Ghapter)) K.C.C. 21.51 (Nonconforming Buildings and Uses).

SECTION 17. Ordinance 3688, Section 813 and KCC 25.32.130 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Shoreline environment redesignation.  $((\{a\}))$  A. Shoreline

 environments designated by the master program may be redesignated by the County Council upon finding that such a redesignation will be consistent with:

- $((4\frac{1}{2}))$  1. The policy of Section 2 of the Shoreline Management Act of 1971, and
- $((\{2\}))$  2. The goals, objectives and policies of the Master Program, and
- ((43)) 3. The designation criteria of the shoreline environment designation requested.
- $((\{b\}))$  <u>B.</u> Application for redesignation shall be made on forms and in a manner prescribed by the director.
- (((e) Upen-the-filing-ef-an-application-for-a-shoreline--environment-redesignation-a-fee-ef-ene-hundred-twenty-five-dellars-(\$125).shall-he-paid-))
- C. The fee which shall accompany an application for a shoreline redesignation shall be as adopted by ordinance.
  - $((\{d\}))$  D. Redesignations may be initiated by:
- $((\{1\}))$  1. The verified application of the owner(s) of the property requested to be redesignated, or
- $((\{2\}))$  2. The adoption of a motion by the council requesting the executive to set the matter for hearing and recommendation.
- $((\{e\}))$  E. Applications for redesignation shall not be accepted by the department if a request for redesignation involving the same designation for substantially the same property has been denied within the last year.
- ((f)) F. Upon receipt of a properly filed application for redesignation, the department shall prepare a report to the zoning and subdivision examiner.
  - (( $\{g\}$ )) <u>G.</u> The report and recommendation of the department

shall be forwarded to the zoning and subdivision examiner for consideration together with all relevant testimony at a public hearing to be held consistent with the procedures for a zone reclassification as provided in ((Ghapter))  $\kappa.c.c.$  20.24. INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this 22nd day of June 1981. PASSED this 26th day of October ATTEST: APPROVED this 5th

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